

Danger

# Safety Data Sheet

## Nitrous oxide

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Date of issue: 01/04/2015 Supersedes: 08/07/2021 Revision date: 01/02/2023 Version: 7.0 Reference number: EIGA093A



### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name :	Nitrous oxide
SDS no :	EIGA093A
Other means of identification :	Nitrous oxide
	CAS-No. : 10024-97-2
	EC-No. : 233-032-0
	EC Index-No. :
REACH registration No :	01-2119970538-25
Chemical formula :	N2O
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m	ixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses	See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Uses advised against	Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of asphyxiation.
	Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of narcotic effects.
	Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	

IJSFABRIEK STROMBEEK N.V.
Broekstraat, 70
BE– B-1860 Meise
Belgique-Belgie
T 32 2 272 41 34 - F 32 2 270 47 19
info@ysfab.be - www.ysfab.be

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

: Tel : +32 2 272 41 34

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Oxidising Gases, Category 1	H270
	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336



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## 2.2. Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
	GHS03 GHS04 GHS07
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
	H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	
- Prevention	: P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.
	P244 - Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.
	P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
- Response	: P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
•	comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
	P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
0	
Supplemental information	: Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of asphyxiation.
	Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of narcotic effects.
2.3. Other hazards	

Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Nitrous oxide	CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 EC-No.: 233-032-0 EC Index-No.: REACH registration No: 01-2119970538- 25	100	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 STOT SE 3, H336

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product. Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures	
- Inhalation	: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact	: In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.
- Eye contact - Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.</li> <li>Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.</li> </ul>



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### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. Refer to section 11.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
- Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray or fog. Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.	
- Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet to extinguish.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance	e or mixture	
Specific hazards	: Supports combustion. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.	
Hazardous combustion products	: Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Specific methods	<ul> <li>Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.</li> <li>If possible, stop flow of product.</li> <li>Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.</li> <li>Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.</li> </ul>	
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	<ul> <li>Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.</li> <li>Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.</li> </ul>	

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
	Try to stop release.
	Evacuate area.
	Eliminate ignition sources.
	Ensure adequate air ventilation.
	Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its
	accumulation can be dangerous.
	Stay upwind.
	See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: Monitor concentration of released product.
	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved
	to be safe.
	See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.
6.2. Environmental precautions	

Try to stop release.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area.



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## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storag	e
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Safe use of the product	: Use only lubricants and sealings approved for the specific gas service.
	The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu. Use no oil or grease.
	Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe gas.
	Avoid release of product into atmosphere. For more guidance on safe use, refer to the EIGA Doc.176 "Safe practices for storage and handling of Nitrous oxide", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org." and consult your supplier. Temperatures above 150°C (300°F) shall be avoided by all practical means, to reduce the likelihood of an explosive decomposition of the nitrous oxide. Clean all surfaces in direct contact with nitrous oxide as for oxygen service. Nitrous oxide transfer pumps shall be provided with an interlock to prevent dry running.
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	Use self-limiting heating devices. Direct contact electric immersion heaters are not allowed. Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
	Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
	Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
	If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
	Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
	Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
	Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
	Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.



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## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.

Container valve guards or caps should be in place.

Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.

Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

Segregate from flammable gases and other flammable materials in store.

Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible materials.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters	
Nitrous oxide (10024-97-2)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Diazote (oxyde de) # Lachgas
OEL TWA	91 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Koninklijk besluit/Arrêté royal 21/01/2020
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Didušikov oksid
GVI (OEL TWA) [1]	91 mg/m³
GVI (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti opasnim tvarima pri radu i o biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/2018)
Czech Republic - Occupational Exposure Lir	mits
Local name	Oxid dusný
PEL (OEL TWA)	180 mg/m³
PEL (OEL TWA) [ppm]	98.5 ppm
NPK-P (OEL C)	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NPK-P (OEL C) [ppm]	197 ppm
Regulatory reference	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. (Předpis 41/2020 Sb.)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dinitrogenoxid (Kvælstofforilte)
OEL TWA [1]	90 mg/m³
OEL TWA [2]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019



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Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dilämmastikoksiid (naerugaas)
OEL TWA	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
OEL STEL	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
Regulatory reference	Vabariigi Valitsuse 20. märtsi 2001. a määruse nr 105 (RT I, 17.10.2019, 2) Vabariigi Valitsuse 10. märtsi 2019. a määruse nr 84
Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Typpioksiduuli
HTP (OEL TWA) [1]	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
HTP (OEL TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Regulatory reference	HTP-ARVOT 2018 (Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriö)
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRG	S 900)
Local name	Distickstoffoxid
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Peak exposure limitation factor	2(II)
Remark	DFG;Y
Regulatory reference	TRGS900
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	DINITROGÉN-OXID
AK (OEL TWA)	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CK (OEL STEL)	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Regulatory reference	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet - A kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Nitrous oxide
OEL TWA [1]	90 mg/m³
OEL TWA [2]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2020
Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits	· · · · ·
Local name	Diazoto oksidas (azoto suboksidas)
IPRV (OEL TWA)	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IPRV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	100 ppm
TPRV (OEL STEL)	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
TPRV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	500 ppm



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Regulatory reference	LIETUVOS HIGIENOS NORMA HN 23:2011 (Nr. V-695/A1-272, 2018-06- 12)
Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Tlenek diazotu
NDS (OEL TWA)	90 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	Dz. U. 2018 poz. 1286
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits	I
Local name	Óxido nitroso
OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Norma Portuguesa NP 1796:2014
Slovakia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Oxid dusný (N2O)
NPHV (OEL TWA) [1]	183 mg/m³
NPHV (OEL TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Regulatory reference	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z.
Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	didušikov oksid
OEL TWA	180 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
OEL STEL	360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL [ppm]	200 ppm
Remark	Y (Snovi, pri katerih ni nevarnosti za zarodek ob upoštevanju mejnih vrednosti in bat vrednosti)
Regulatory reference	Uradni list RS, št. 78/2019 z dne 20.12.2019
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	i
Local name	Óxido de dinitrógeno (Protóxido de nitrógeno)
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	92 mg/m³
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Límites de Exposición Profesional para Agentes Químicos en España 2019. INSHT
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Lustgas (Dikväveoxid)
NGV (OEL TWA)	180 mg/m³
NGV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	100 ppm
KTV (OEL STEL)	900 mg/m³
KTV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	500 ppm
Regulatory reference	Hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)



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ocal name	Nitrous oxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	183 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE
Iceland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Díköfnunarefnisoxíð (dínítrógenoxíð, glaðloft, hláturgas)
OEL TWA	90 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	Reglugerð um mengunarmörk og aðgerðir til að draga úr mengun á vinnustöðum (Nr. 390/2009)
Norway - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dinitrogenoksid (Lystgass)
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [1]	90 mg/m³
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	FOR-2020-04-06-695
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Protoxyde d'azote / Distickstoffmonoxid [Lachgas]
MAK (OEL TWA) [1]	182 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
MAK (OEL TWA) [2]	100 ppm
KZGW (OEL STEL)	364 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
KZGW (OEL STEL) [ppm]	200 ppm
Critical toxicity	Sang, Foie, SNC / Blut, Leber, ZNS
Notation	R2 <sub>D</sub> , R2 <sub>F</sub> / R2 <sub>D</sub> , R2 <sub>F</sub>
Remark	NIOSH
Regulatory reference	www.suva.ch, 01.01.2020

Nitrous oxide (10024-97-2)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	183 mg/m³
PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None establis	shed.
8.2. Exposure controls 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls	
Provide adeq	uate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Product to be	handled in a closed system.
Systems und	er pressure should be regularily checked for leakages.
Ensure expos	sure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Gas detectors	s should be used when oxidising gases may be released.
Consider the	use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.



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### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

	A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered: PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.
Eye/face protection	<ul> <li>Wear goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.</li> <li>Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.</li> </ul>
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.
	Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.
- Other	: Consider the use of flame resistant safety clothing. Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials.
	Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
Respiratory protection	: Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
	Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.
	Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
	Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.
	Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.
	Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .
	Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.
	Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be
	expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
Thermal hazards	: None in addition to the above sections.
8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls	
-	Defer to lead regulations for restriction of amissions to the atmosphere. See eastion 12 for

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	Gas.
- Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Sweetish. Poor warning properties at high concentrations.
Melting point / Freezing point	-90.81 °C
	-90.81 °C
Boiling point	-88.5 °C
Flammability	Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	Not available.
Upper explosion limit	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
pH	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Viscosity, kinematic	No reliable data available.
Water solubility [20°C]	: 1500 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not available.
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 50.8 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	Not applicable.
Relative vapour density (air=1)	: 1.5



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Particle characteristics	: Not applicable.
9.2. Other information	
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard	classes
Explosive properties Explosion limits Oxidising properties - Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci) Critical temperature [°C]	<ul> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>Non flammable.</li> <li>Oxidiser.</li> <li>0.6</li> <li>36.4 °C</li> </ul>
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics	
Molar mass Evaporation rate	: 44 g/mol : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Gas group Other data	<ul> <li>Press. Gas (Liq.).</li> <li>Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below</li> </ul>

: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2. Chemical stability	
	Stable under normal conditions.
	At temperatures over 575°C and at atmospheric pressure, nitrous oxide decomposes into nitrogen and oxygen.
	In the presence of catalysts (e.g. halogen products, mercury, nickel, platinum) the rate of decomposition increases and decomposition can occur at even lower temperatures. Nitrous oxide dissociation is irreversible and exothermic, leading to a considerable rise in pressure.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	Violently oxidises organic material.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
	Avoid moisture in installation systems.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents. For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Acute toxicity	:	Classification criteria are not met.
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]		500000 ppm/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	No known effects from this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	No known effects from this product.



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Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure Target organ(s)	<ul> <li>Hemotoxic effect.</li> <li>Neurologic effect.</li> <li>At low concentrations:</li> <li>Central nervous system.</li> <li>Erythrocytes.</li> <li>Kidneys.</li> <li>liver.</li> </ul>
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
11.2. Information on other hazards	
Other information	: Inhalation causes narcotic effects.

<b>SECTION 12: Ecological information</b>
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### 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	<ul> <li>No ecological damage caused by this product.</li> <li>No data available.</li> <li>No data available.</li> <li>No data available.</li> </ul>
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Assessment	: Not applicable for inorganic products. Study scientifically unjustified.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Assessment	: Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Assessment	: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
Assessment	:
12.7. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects Effect on the ozone layer Global warming potential [CO2=1] Effect on global warming	<ul> <li>No known effects from this product.</li> <li>No effect on the ozone layer.</li> <li>298</li> <li>When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect. Contains greenhouse gas(es).</li> </ul>



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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	Contact supplier if guidance is required.
	Discharge to atmosphere in large quantities should be avoided.
	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
	Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
	Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at
	http://www.eiga.org for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.
	Return unused product in original container to supplier.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)	: 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.
13.2. Additional information	
	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1. UN number or ID number	
In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN UN-No.	: 1070
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: NITROUS OXIDE
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Nitrous oxide
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: NITROUS OXIDE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Labelling	
	2.2 : Non-flammable, non-toxic gases. 5.1 : Oxidizing substances.
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	5.1. Oxidizing substances.
Class	: 2
Classification code	: 20
Hazard identification number	: 25
Tunnel Restriction	: C/E - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2 (5.1)
Transport by sea (IMDG)	
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2 (5.1)
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-W
14.4. Packing group	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: Not applicable.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not applicable.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not applicable.
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: None.



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Transport by sea (IMDG)	: None.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Packing Instruction(s)	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: P200.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: 200.
Cargo Aircraft only	: 200.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: P200.
Special transport precautions	<ul> <li>Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.</li> <li>Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.</li> <li>Before transporting product containers: <ul> <li>Ensure there is adequate ventilation.</li> <li>Ensure that containers are firmly secured.</li> <li>Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.</li> <li>Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<ul> <li>None.</li> <li>Nitrous oxide is not subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 july 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.</li> <li>Covered.</li> </ul>
: 1 - Slightly hazardous to water.
: 767
: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
A CSA has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes

: Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 453/2010.



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Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
	REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation
	(EC) No 1907/2006.
	EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
	CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number.
	PPE - Personal Protection Equipment.
	LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	RMM - Risk Management Measures.
	PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
	vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
	STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure.
	CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment.
	EN - European Standard.
	UN - United Nations.
	ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Road.
	IATA - International Air Transport Association.
	IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	WGK - Water Hazard Class.
	STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure.
	UFI : Unique Formula Identifier.
Training advice	: None.
Further information	: Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation
	(EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).
	Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 :
	'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at http://www.Eiga.eu .

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidising Gases, Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
 Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
 Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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